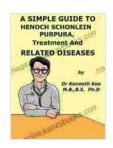
# Simple Guide To Henoch Schonlein Purpura Treatment And Related Diseases

#### What is Henoch-Schonlein purpura?

Henoch-Schonlein purpura (HSP) is a rare disease that causes inflammation of the small blood vessels in the skin, joints, kidneys, and intestines. It is most common in children between the ages of 2 and 11. HSP can be a serious condition, but it is usually treatable.



A Simple Guide to Henoch Schonlein Purpura,
Treatment and Related Diseases (A Simple Guide to
Medical Conditions) by Kenneth Kee

★ ★ ★ ★ 4 out of 5

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### What are the symptoms of HSP?

The symptoms of HSP can vary depending on the severity of the condition. Some of the most common symptoms include:

\* A rash of small, red or purple spots that appear on the legs, buttocks, and arms \* Joint pain and swelling \* Abdominal pain and vomiting \* Blood in the

urine or stool \* Kidney problems \* High blood pressure

#### What causes HSP?

The exact cause of HSP is unknown. However, it is thought to be caused by an immune system reaction to an infection. Some of the infections that have been linked to HSP include:

\* Streptococcal infections \* Viral infections \* Epstein-Barr virus \* Hepatitis B virus

### How is HSP diagnosed?

HSP is diagnosed based on the patient's symptoms and a physical examination. The doctor may also Free Download blood tests, urine tests, and X-rays to confirm the diagnosis.

#### How is HSP treated?

There is no cure for HSP, but the symptoms can be treated. Some of the treatments for HSP include:

\* Rest \* Pain relievers \* Anti-inflammatory medications \* Steroids \* Immunosuppressants

### What is the prognosis for HSP?

The prognosis for HSP is generally good. Most children recover completely within a few weeks or months. However, some children may develop long-term problems, such as kidney disease or high blood pressure.

### **How can I prevent HSP?**

There is no way to prevent HSP. However, you can reduce your child's risk of developing HSP by:

\* Keeping your child up-to-date on vaccinations \* Avoiding exposure to sick people \* Practicing good hygiene

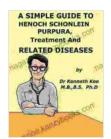
#### Related diseases

HSP is one of a group of diseases called vasculitides. Vasculitides are diseases that cause inflammation of the blood vessels. Other vasculitides include:

\* Kawasaki disease \* Polyarteritis nodosa \* Wegener's granulomatosis \* Churg-Strauss syndrome

Vasculitides can be serious conditions, but they are usually treatable. The treatment for vasculitis depends on the type of vasculitis and the severity of the condition.

HSP is a rare but serious disease. However, it is usually treatable and most children recover completely within a few weeks or months. If you think your child may have HSP, it is important to see a doctor right away.



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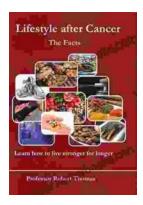
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